NONEQUILIBRIUM-INDUCED KINETIC SELECTION: PATTERN RECOGNITION

Christian Maes^{1,*}

¹Department of Physics and Astronomy, KU Leuven

When a system is driven or agitated, its kinetics shows up in its steady behavior, also for its static fluctuations — in sharp contrast with equilibrium systems. This implies that the time-symmetric fluctuation sector, governed by the so-called *frenesy*, may select the statistical behavior of population occupations. We give an application where we show how that effect may be used for understanding pattern recognition or associative memory more generally, in joint work with Bram Lefebvre. Such mechanism may be relevant for the understanding of pattern recognition in biological systems, and offers a bio-realistic alternative to the design and selection of intelligence.

^[1] C. Maes, Non-Dissipative Effects in Nonequilibrium Systems, SpringerBriefs in Complexity, ISBN 978-3-319-67780-4 (2018).

^[2] C. Maes, Frenesy: Time-symmetric dynamical activity in nonequilibria, Phys. Rep. 850, 1–33 (2020).

^[3] B. Lefebvre and C. Maes, Frenetic steering in a nonequilibrium graph, J. Stat. Phys. 190, 90 (2023).

^[4] B. Lefebvre and C. Maes, Frenetic steering: nonequilibrium-enabled navigation, Chaos 34, 063121 (2024).

^{*} christian.maes@kuleuven.be